

# ALIGNMENT FILE FORMATS

## **SAM FORMAT**

The **SAM Format** (Sequence Alignment/Map) is a text format for storing sequence alignment data in a series of tab delimited ASCII columns.

The file has two parts:

1. **Header** - Each line starts with a “@”.  
@HD, @SQ, @RG, @PG
2. **Alignments** - One line for each entry.

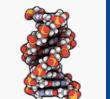


# ALIGNMENT FILE FORMATS

## SAM FORMAT

### Example of SAM Header

```
@HD VN:1.0      SO:unsorted
@SQ SN:chr1      LN:195471971
@SQ SN:chr2      LN:182113224
@SQ SN:chr3      LN:160039680
@SQ SN:chr4      LN:156508116
@SQ SN:chr5      LN:151834684
@SQ SN:chr6      LN:149736546
@SQ SN:chr7      LN:145441459
@SQ SN:chr8      LN:129401213
@SQ SN:chr9      LN:124595110
@SQ SN:chr10     LN:130694993
@SQ SN:chr11     LN:122082543
@SQ SN:chr12     LN:120129022
@SQ SN:chr13     LN:120421639
@SQ SN:chr14     LN:124902244
@SQ SN:chr15     LN:104043685
@SQ SN:chr16     LN:98207768
@SQ SN:chr17     LN:94987271
@SQ SN:chr18     LN:90702639
@SQ SN:chr19     LN:61431566
@SQ SN:chrX      LN:171031299
@SQ SN:chrY      LN:91744698
@SQ SN:chrM      LN:16299
@PG ID:bowtie2   PN:bowtie2 VN:2.2.9   CL:"/usr/local/apps/bowtie/2-2.2.9/bowtie2-align-s --wrapper basic-0 -x /fdb/bowtie
2.DELETE/mm10 -q jun_minus_dex_rep1a -S jun_minus_dex_rep1a_mm10.sam -p8"
```



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Example of Alignment portion to the file

### *Single Ended Sequences*

D00537:377:HCCMGBCX3:1:2206:6809:3485	0	chr1	10453	255	22M	*	0	0
CCCTAACCTAACCCCTCGCGGT								
HHIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	XA:i:0	MD:Z:22	NM:i:0	XM:i:2				

### *Paired Ended Sequences*

8_100_10000_12419	163	chrVII	271183	255	40M	=	271294	151
TGGTGTATTATAACGCTACCGTGCAGTGCCGGGGCAACCG								
bbbabbabbbbbbcbbbbcbbbbbbbbbb	XA:i:0	MD:Z:40	NM:i:0					

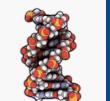


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### Reference Info

- [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SAM\\_\(file\\_format\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SAM_(file_format))
- <https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf>
- <https://samtools.github.io>
- <http://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/explain-flags.html>



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## SAM FORMAT

8_100_10000_12419	163	chrVII	271183	255	40M	=	271294	151
TGGTGTATTATACTACGCTACCGTGCAGTGCCGGGGCAACCG	bbbabbabbbbbbcbbbbcbbbbbbbbbb				XA:i:0	MD:Z:40	NM:i:0	

8_100_10000_12	163	chr7	271183	255	40M	=	271294	151	TGGTGTAA TTATACG	bbbabbab bbbbbbb	XA:i:0 MD:Z:40
QNAME	FLAG	RNAME	POS	MAPQ	CIGAR	MRNM	MPOS	TLEN	SEQ	QUAL	OPT

Col	Field	Description
1	QNAME	Query template/pair NAME
2	FLAG	bitwise FLAG
3	RNAME	Reference sequence NAME
4	POS	1-based leftmost POSition/coordinate of clipped sequence
5	MAPQ	MAPping Quality (Phred-scaled)
6	CIGAR	extended CIGAR string
7	MRNM	Mate Reference sequence NaMe ('=' if same as RNAME)
8	MPOS	1-based Mate POSition
9	TLEN	inferred Template LENGTH (insert size)
10	SEQ	query SEQuence on the same strand as the reference
11	QUAL	query QUALity (ASCII-33 gives the Phred base quality)
12+	OPT	variable OPTional fields in the format TAG:VTYPE:VALUE



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8_100_10000_12419	163	chrVII	271183	255	40M	=	271294	151
TGGTGTATTATACGCTACCGTGC GG TGCCGGGGCAACCG bbbabbbaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa			XA:i:0	MD:Z:40	NM:i:0			

# Understanding Flag codes

<http://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/explain-flags.html>

# *flag values*

Value	Description
1	read paired
2	read mapped in proper pair
4	read unmapped
8	mate unmapped
16	read reverse strand
32	mate reverse strand
64	first in pair
128	second in pair
256	not primary alignment
512	read fails platform/vendor quality checks
1024	read is PCR or optical duplicate
2048	supplementary alignment



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# **SAM FORMAT**

The figure displays a genomic track with the following components from left to right:

- A blue box containing the identifier **8\_100\_10000\_12419**.
- A red box containing the value **163**.
- A blue box containing the chromosome identifier **chrVII**.
- A cyan box containing the start position **271183**.
- A cyan box containing the end position **255**.
- A cyan box containing the coordinate **40M**, which is highlighted with an orange circle.
- A green box containing the total length **= 271294**.
- A green box containing the value **151**.

Below the track, two rows of sequence data are shown:

TGGTGTATTATACGCTACCGTGCAGTGCCGGGGCAACCG  
bbbabbabbbbbbcbbbbcbbbbcbbbbcbbbb

XA:i:0 MD:Z:40 NM:i:0

# Understanding CIGAR codes bases-code

# *code meanings*

Operation	Description
M	Alignment match (can be a sequence match or mismatch)
I	Insertion to the reference
D	Deletion from the reference
N	Skipped region from the reference
S	Soft clip on the read (clipped sequence present in <seq>)
H	Hard clip on the read (clipped sequence NOT present in <seq>)
P	Padding (silent deletion from the padded reference sequence)



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# **SAM FORMAT**

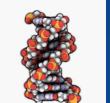
8\_100\_10000\_12419 163 chrVII 271183 255 40M = 271294 151  
TGGTGTATTATACGCTACCGTGCAGTGCCGGGGCAACCG  
bbbabbabbbbbbcbbbbcbbbbcbbbbcbbbb  
XA:i:0 MD:Z:40 NM:i:0

# Understanding TAG codes

## TAG:type:value

# *type of value*

Type	Description
A	Character
i	Integer
f	Floating decimal point
Z	String
H	Hex String



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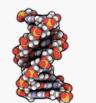
## **BAM/CRAM FORMAT**

**BAM (\*.bam)** is the compressed binary version of the Sequence Alignment/Map (SAM) format, a compact and index-able representation of nucleotide sequence alignments. **BAM** is compressed in the **BGZF** format that supports **random access** through the BAM file index (\*.bam.bai).

HINT: Filename.bam and filename.bai always go together

The ability to randomly access portions of the file based on genomic coordinates makes it the perfect format for viewing data in IGV.

(Note: IGV and UCSC viewers can use this ability to efficiently access and display portions of the file from files housed on a remote server - no need to download the entire file and shared views.)

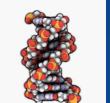


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## **BAM/CRAM FORMAT**

**CRAM (\*.cram)** - newer implementation of BAM like binary data.

1. Significantly better lossless compression than BAM
2. Full compatibility with BAM
3. Effortless transition to CRAM from using BAM files
4. Like BAM it has an associated index
5. Support for controlled loss of BAM data



# ALIGNMENT FILE FORMATS

## **SAMTOOLS**

**Samtools** is the “swiss army knife” for SAM/BAM/CRAM data

samtools help

samtools view -H aligned.bam (display the header info)

samtools view aligned.bam (display the read info)

samtools view -c aligned.bam (count the entries)

samtools view -F 4 aligned.bam (filter out the unaligned reads and display)

samtools index aligned.bam (generate and index aligned.bam.bai)

samtools flagstat aligned.bam



# The End

